Rugged, Reliable, and Ready for any Application
The CR1000 provides precision measurement capabilities in a rugged, battery-operated package. It consists of a measurement and control module and a wiring panel. Standard operating range is -25° to +50°C; an optional extended range of -55° to +85°C is available.

**Input/Output Terminals**—Individually configured for ratiometric resistive bridge, thermocouple, switch closure, high-frequency pulse, low-level ac, serial sensors, and more.

**Removable Power Terminal**—simplifies connection to external power supply.

**CS I/O Port**—connects with AC-powered PCs and communication peripherals such as phone, RF, short-haul, and multidrop modems.

**Peripheral Port**—allows data to be stored on a CompactFlash card and/or supports Ethernet communications.

**RS-232**—provides a 9-pin DCE port for connecting a battery-powered laptop, serial sensors or RS-232 modems.

**Benefits and Features**
- 4 MB memory*
- Program execution rate of up to 100 Hz
- CS I/O and RS-232 serial ports
- 13-bit analog to digital conversions
- 16-bit H8S Renesas Microcontroller with 32-bit internal CPU architecture
- Temperature compensated real-time clock
- Background system calibration for accurate measurements over time and temperature changes
- Single DAC used for excitation and measurements to give ratiometric measurements
- Gas Discharge Tube (GDT) protected inputs
- Battery-backed SRAM memory and clock ensuring data, programs, and accurate time are maintained while the CR1000 is disconnected from its main power source
- Serial communications with serial sensors and devices supported via I/O port pairs
- PakBus®, Modbus, DNP3, TCP/IP, FTP, and SMTP protocols supported

**Measurement and Control Module**

The module measures sensors, drives direct communications and telecommunications, reduces data, controls external devices, and stores data and programs in on-board, non-volatile storage. The electronics are RF shielded and glitch protected by the sealed, stainless steel canister. A battery-backed clock assures accurate time-keeping. The module can simultaneously provide measurement and communication functions. The on-board, BASIC-like programming language supports data processing and analysis routines.

**Wiring Panel**

The CR1000WP is a black, anodized aluminum wiring panel that is compatible with all CR1000 modules. The wiring panel includes switchable 12 V, redistributed analog grounds (dispersed among analog channels rather than grouped), unpluggable terminal block for 12 V connections, gas-tube spark gaps, and 12 V supply on pin 8 to power our COM-series phone modems and other peripherals. The control module easily disconnects from the wiring panel allowing field replacement without rewiring the sensors. A description of the wiring panel’s input/output channels follows.

---

*Originally, the standard CR1000 had 2 MB of data/program storage, and an optional version, the CR1000-4M, had 4 MB of memory. In September 2007, the standard CR1000 started having 4 MB of memory, making the CR1000-4M obsolete. Dataloggers that have a module with a serial number greater than or equal to 11832 will have a 4 MB memory. The 4 MB dataloggers will also have a sticker on the canister stating "4M Memory."
**Communication Protocols**

The CR1000 supports the PakBus, Modbus, DNP3, TCP/IP, FTP, and SMTP communication protocols. With the PakBus protocol, networks have the distributed routing intelligence to continually evaluate links. Continually evaluating links optimizes delivery times and, in the case of delivery failure, allows automatic switch over to a configured backup route.

The Modbus RTU protocol supports both floating point and long formats. The datalogger can act as a slave and/or master.

The DNP3 protocol supports only long data formats. The dataloggers are level 2 slave compliant, with some of the operations found in a level 3 implementation.

The TCP/IP, FTP, and SMTP protocols provide TCP/IP functionality when the CR1000 is used in conjunction with an NL240, NL201, NL116, or NL121. Refer to the CR1000 manual for more information.

**Power Supplies**

Typically, the CR1000 is powered with a PS200, PS150, or BPALK. The PS200 and PS150 provide a 7 Ah sealed rechargeable battery that should be connected to a charging source (either a power converter or solar panel). The BPALK consists of eight non-rechargeable D-cell alkaline batteries with a 7.5 Ah rating at 20°C.

Also available are the BP7, BP12, and BP24 battery, which provide nominal ratings of 7, 12, and 24 Ah, respectively. The BP7 is typically used instead of the PS150 or PS200 when the battery needs to be mounted under the 31143 Hinged Stack Bracket. The BP12 and BP24 batteries are for powering systems that have higher current drain equipment such as satellite transmitters. The BP7, BP12, and BP24 should be connected to a regulated charging source (e.g., a CH200 or CH150 connected to a unregulated solar panel or power converter).
Communication Options

To determine the best option for an application, consider the accessibility of the site, availability of services (e.g., cellular phone or satellite coverage), quantity of data to collect, and desired time between data-collection sessions. Some communication options can be combined—increasing the flexibility, convenience, and reliability of the communications.

Keyboard Display
The CR1000KD can be used to program the CR1000, manually initiate data transfer, and display data. The CR1000KD displays 8 lines by 21 characters (64 by 128 pixels) and has a 16-character keyboard. Custom menus are supported allowing customers to set up choices within the datalogger program that can be initiated by a simple toggle or pick list. One CR1000KD can be carried station to station in a CR1000 network.

Mountable Displays
The CD100 and CD295 can be mounted in an enclosure lid. The CD100 has the same functionality and operation as the CD1000KD, allowing both data entry and display without opening the enclosure. The CD295 displays real-time data only.

iOS Devices and Android Devices
An iOS device or Android device can be used to view and collect data, set the clock, and download programs. To use an iOS or Android device, go to the Apple Store or Google Play and purchase our LoggerLink Mobile Apps.

Direct Links
AC-powered PCs connect with the datalogger’s CS I/O port via an SC32B or SC-USB interface. These interfaces provide optical isolation. A battery-powered laptop can be attached to the CR1000’s RS-232 port via an RS-232 cable—no interface required.

External Data Storage Devices
A CFM100 or NL116 module can store the CR1000’s data on an industrial-grade CompactFlash (CF) card. The CR1000 can also store data on an SC115 2 GB Flash Memory Drive.

Short Haul Modems
The SRM-5A RAD Short Haul Modem supports communications between the CR1000 and a PC via a four-wire unconditioned line (two twisted pairs).

Multidrop Interface
The MD485 intelligent RS-485 interface permits a PC to address and communicate with one or more dataloggers over the CABLE2TP two-twisted pair cable. Distances up to 4000 feet are supported.

Internet and IP Networks
Campbell Scientific offers several interfaces that enable the CR1000 to communicate with a PC via TCP/IP.

Radios
Radio frequency (RF) communications are supported via narrowband UHF, narrowband VHF, spread spectrum, or meteor burst radios. Line-of-sight is required for all of our RF options.

Satellite Transmitters
Satellite transmitters offered by Campbell Scientific include an Argos transmitter, an Iridium transmitter, and an Inmarsat BGAN satellite IP terminal. Satellite telemetry offers an alternative for remote locations where phone lines or RF systems are impractical.

Telephone Networks
The CR1000 can communicate with a PC using landlines or cellular transceivers. A voice synthesized modem enables anyone to call the CR1000 via phone and receive a verbal report of real-time site conditions.

In Virginia, our RF500M Narrowband Radio Modem provides time- and event-driven ALERT data transmission.
Channel Expansion

4-Channel Low Level AC Module
The LLAC4 is a small peripheral device that allows customers to increase the number of available low-level ac inputs by using control ports. This module is often used to measure up to four anemometers, and is especially useful for wind profiling applications.

Synchronous Devices for Measurement (SDMs)
SDMs are addressable peripherals that expand the datalogger’s measurement and control capabilities. For example, SDMs are available to add control ports, analog outputs, pulse count channels, interval timers, or even a CANbus interface to the system. Multiple SDMs, in any combination, can be connected to one datalogger.

Multiplexers
Multiplexers increase the number of sensors that can be measured by a CR1000 by sequentially connecting each sensor to the datalogger. Several multiplexers can be controlled by a single CR1000.

Software

Starter Software
Our easy-to-use starter software is intended for first time users or applications that don’t require sophisticated communications or datalogger program editing. SCWin Short Cut generates straightforward datalogger programs in four easy steps. PC200W allows customers to transfer a program to, or retrieve data from a CR1000 via a direct communications link.

At www.campbellsci.com/downloads, the starter software can be downloaded at no charge. Our Resource DVD also provides this software as well as PDF versions of our brochures and manuals.

Datalogger Support Software
Our datalogger support software packages provide more capabilities than our starter software. These software packages contain program editing, communications, and display tools that can support an entire datalogger network.

PC400, our mid-level software, supports a variety of telemetry options, manual data collection, and data display. For programming, it includes both Short Cut and the CRBasic program editor. PC400 does not support combined communication options (e.g., phone-to-RF), PakBus® routing, and scheduled data collection.

RTDAQ is an ideal solution for industrial and real-time users desiring to use reliable data collection software over a single telecommunications medium, and who do not rely on scheduled data collection. RTDAQ’s strength lies in its ability to handle the display of high speed data.

LoggerNet is Campbell Scientific’s full-featured datalogger support software. It is referred to as “full-featured” because it provides a way to accomplish almost all the tasks you’ll need to complete when using a datalogger. LoggerNet supports combined communication options (e.g., phone-to-RF) and scheduled data collection.

Both LoggerNet and RTDAQ use View Pro to display historical data in a tabular or graphical format.
Applications

The measurement precision, flexibility, long-term reliability, and economical price of the CR1000 make it ideal for scientific, commercial, and industrial applications.

Meteorology

The CR1000 is used in long-term climatological monitoring, meteorological research, and routine weather measurement applications.

Our rugged, reliable weather station measures meteorological conditions at St. Mary’s Lake, Glacier National Park, MT.

Sensors the CR1000 can measure include:

- cup, propeller, and sonic anemometers
- tipping bucket rain gauges
- wind vanes
- pyranometers
- ultrasonic ranging sensor
- thermistors, RTDs, and thermocouples
- barometers
- RH probes
- Cooled mirror hygrometers

Wind Profiling

Our data acquisition systems can monitor conditions at wind assessment sites, at producing wind farms, and along transmission lines. The CR1000 makes and records measurements, controls electrical devices, and can function as PLCs or RTUs. Because the datalogger has its own power supply (batteries, solar panels), it can continue to measure and store data and perform control during power outages. Typical sensors for wind assessment applications include, but are not limited to:

- cup, propeller, and sonic anemometers (up to 10 anemometers can be measured by using two LLAC4 peripherals)
- wind vanes
- thermistors, RTDs, and thermocouples
- barometers
- pyranometers

For turbine performance applications, the CR1000 monitors electrical current, voltage, wattage, stress, and torque.

A Campbell Scientific system monitors an offshore wind farm in North Wales.

Soil Moisture

The CR1000 are compatible with the following soil moisture measurement technologies:

- Soil moisture blocks are inexpensive sensors that estimate soil water potential.
- Matric water potential sensors also estimate soil water potential but are more durable than soil moisture blocks.
- Time-Domain Reflectometry Systems (TDR) use a reflectometer controlled by the datalogger to accurately measure soil water content. Multiplexers allow sequential measurement of a large number of probes by one reflectometer.
- Self-contained water content reflectometers are sensors that emit and measure a TDR pulse.
- Tensiometers measure the soil pore pressure of irrigated soils and calculate soil moisture.
Air Quality
The CR1000 can monitor and control gas analyzers, particle samplers, and visibility sensors. The datalogger can also automatically control calibration sequences and compute conditional averages that exclude invalid data (e.g., data recorded during power failures or calibration intervals).

Road Weather/RWIS
Our fully NTCIP-compliant Environmental Sensor Stations (ESS) are robust, reliable weather stations used for road weather/RWIS applications. A typical ESS includes a tower, CR1000, two road sensors, remote communication hardware, and sensors that measure wind speed and direction, air temperature, humidity, barometric pressure, solar radiation, and precipitation.

Water Resources/Aquaculture
Our CR1000 is well-suited to remote, unattended monitoring of hydrologic conditions. Most hydrologic sensors, including SDI-12 probes, interface directly to the CR1000.

Typical hydrologic measurements:

- **Water level** is monitored with incremental shaft encoders, double bubblers, ultrasonic ranging sensors, resistance tapes, strain gage pressure transducers, or vibrating wire pressure transducers. Vibrating wire transducers require a CDM-VW300-series, AVW200-series or another vibrating wire interface.
- **Well draw-down tests** use a pressure transducer measured at logarithmic intervals or at a rate based on incremental changes in water level.
- **Ionic conductivity measurements** use one of the switched excitation ports from the datalogger.
- **Samplers** are controlled by the CR1000 as a function of time, water quality, or water level.
- **Alarm and pump actuation** are controlled through digital I/O ports that operate external relay drivers.

Vehicle Testing
This versatile, rugged datalogger is ideally suited for testing cold and hot temperature, high altitude, off-highway, and cross-country performance. The CR1000 is compatible with our SDM-CAN interface and GPS16X-HVS receiver.

Vehicle monitoring includes not only passenger cars, but airplanes, locomotives, helicopters, tractors, buses, heavy trucks, drilling rigs, race cars, and motorcycles.

The CR1000 can measure:

- **Suspension**—strut pressure, spring force, travel, mounting point stress, deflection, ride.
- **Fuel system**—line and tank pressure, flow, temperature, injection timing.
- **Comfort control**—ambient and supply air temperature, solar radiation, fan speed, ac on and off, refrigerant pressures, time-to-comfort, blower current.
- **Brakes**—line pressure, pedal pressure and travel, ABS, line and pad temperature.
- **Engine**—pressure, temperature, crank position, RPM, time-to-start, oil pump cavitation.
- **General vehicle**—chassis monitoring, road noise, vehicle position and speed, steering, air bag, hot/cold soaks, wind tunnels, traction, CANbus, wiper speed and current, vehicle electrical loads.

Other Applications

- Eddy covariance systems
- Wireless sensor/datalogger networks
- Fire weather
- Geotechnical
- Mesonet systems
- Avalanche forecasting, snow science, polar, high altitude
- Historic preservation
CR1000 Specifications

Electrical specifications are valid over a -25° to +50°C, non-condensing environment, unless otherwise specified. Recalibration recommended every three years. Critical specifications and system configuration should be confirmed with Campbell Scientific before purchase.

PROGRAM EXECUTION RATE

10 ms to one day @ 10 ms increments

ANALOG INPUTS (SE1-SE16 or DIFF1-DIFF8)

8 differential (DF) or 16 single-ended (SE) individually configured input channels, Channel expansion provided by optional analog multiplexers.

RANGES and RESOLUTION: Basic resolution (Basic Res) is the A/D resolution of a single A/D conversion. A DIFF measurement with input reversal has better (finer) resolution by twice than Basic Res.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range (mV)</th>
<th>DF Res (µV)</th>
<th>Basic Res (µV)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>±5000</td>
<td>667</td>
<td>1333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±2500</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±1250</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±750</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±500</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±250</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>±125</td>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>667</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ACCURACY:

(a)0.06% + 0.5 µV, ±1°C to ±50°C
(b)0.10% + 0.5 µV, ±50°C to ±75°C
(c)0.18% + 0.5 µV, ±75°C to ±85°C

1Resolution of DF measurements with input reversal.

ACCURACY:

(a)±(0.06% of reading + offset), 0° to 40°C
(b)±(0.10% of reading + offset), -25° to 50°C
(c)±(0.18% of reading + offset), 55° to 85°C

2Accuracy does not include the sensor and measurement noise. Offsets are defined as:

Offset for DF input reversal = 1.5-Basic Res + 1.0 µV
Offset for DF input reversal = 3-Basic Res + 2.0 µV
Offset for SE = 3-Basic Res + 3.0 µV

ANALOG MEASUREMENT SPEED:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Integration Type/Code</th>
<th>Integration Time (ms)</th>
<th>Total Time (s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>250 µs</td>
<td>2500 µs</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 µs</td>
<td>500 µs</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 µs</td>
<td>1000 µs</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE: For DF measurements with input reversal on ±2.5 mV input range (digital resolution dominates for higher ranges).

250 µs: 0.34 µV RMS
500/60 Hz: 0.19 µV RMS

INPUT LIMITS:

5 ±Vdc

DC COMMON MODE REJECTION: > 100 dB

NORMAL MODE REJECTION: 70 dB @ 60 Hz when using 60 Hz rejection

INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE W/MEASUREMENT CORRUPTION:

±8.6 ±Vdc max.

SUSTAINED INPUT VOLTAGE W/ DAMAGE:

±16 Vdc max.

INPUT CURRENT:

≤ ±1 mA typ., ≤ ±6 mA max. @ 50°C; ≤ ±9 mA @ 85°C

INPUT RESISTANCE: 20 GΩ typ.

ACCURACY OF BUILT-IN REFERENCE JUNCTION:

THERMOMETER (for thermocouple measurements): ±0.3°C, -25° to 85°C ±0.8°C, -55° to 85°C (XT only)

ANALOG OUTPUTS (VX1-VX3)

3 switched voltage, sequentially active only during measurement.

RANGE AND RESOLUTION:

Channel | Range | Resolution | Current Source/Sink

(VX 1–3) | ±2.5 Vdc | ±0.67 mV | ±25 mA

ANALOG OUTPUT ACCURACY (VX): ±(0.06% of ±0.8 mV), ±0.02% of ±0.8 mV, ±0.1% of ±0.8 mV, ±0.25% of ±0.8 mV, ±0.5% of ±0.8 mV, ±1% of ±0.8 mV, ±2.5% of ±0.8 mV, ±5% of ±0.8 mV, ±10% of ±0.8 mV, ±20% of ±0.8 mV

DIGITAL/I/O PORTS (C1-C8)

8 ports software selectable, as binary inputs or control outputs. Provide on/off, pulse width modulation, edge timing, subroutines interrupts / wake up, switch closure pulse counting, high frequency pulse counting, asynchronous communications (UARTs), and SDI-12 communications. SDM communications are also supported.

VX FREQUENCY SWEEP FUNCTION: Switched outputs provide a programmable sweep frequency, 0 to 2500 mV square waves for exciting vibrating wire transducers.

PERIOD ACCURACY:

Any one of the 16 SE analog inputs can be used for period averaging. Accuracy is ±0.01% of reading + resolution, where resolution is 150 ns divided by the specified number of cycles to be measured.

INPUT AMPLITUDE AND FREQUENCY:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage Output</th>
<th>Gain</th>
<th>Input Range (mV)</th>
<th>Signal (peak to peak)</th>
<th>Min Pulse Width (µV)</th>
<th>Max Freq (kHz)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>250</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5Signal centered around Threshold (see PeriodAvg) instruction.

The maximum frequency = (twice maximum pulse width) for 50% of duty cycle signals.

RATIOMETRIC MEASUREMENTS:

MEASUREMENT TYPES:

Provides ratimetric resistance measurements using voltage excitation. 3 switched voltage excitation output ports are available for measurement of 4- and 6-wire full bridges, and 2-, 3-, and 4-wire half bridges. Optional excitation polarity reversal minimizes dc errors.

RATIOMETRIC MEASUREMENT ACCURACY: ±0.05% of Voltage Measurement + Offset

Accuracy specification assumes excitation reversal for excitation voltages < 1000 mV. Assumption does not include bridge resistor errors and sensor and measurement noise.

Excitation reversal reduces offsets by a factor of two.

OFFSET:

Offset for DF w/o input reversal = 1.5-Basic Res + 1.0 µV
Offset for DF w/o input reversal = 3-Basic Res + 2.0 µV
Offset for SE = 3-Basic Res + 3.0 µV

Excitation reversal reduces offsets by a factor of two.

PULSE COUNTERS (P1-P2):

2 inputs individually selectable for switch closure, high frequency pulse, or low-level ac. Independent 24-bit counters for each input.

MAXIMUM COUNTERS PER SCAN: 16.7x10^6

SWITCH CLOSURE MODE:

Minimum Switch Open Time: 5 ms
Minimum Switch Open Time: 6 ms
Max. Bounce Time: 1 ms open w/o being counted

HIGH-FREQUENCY PULSE MODE:

Maximum Input Frequency: 250 kHz
Maximum Input Voltage: ±20 V
Voltage Thresholds: Count upon transition from below 0.9 V to above 2.2 V after input filter with 1.2 µs time constant.

LOW-LEVEL AC MODE:

Minimum ac Input Voltage removes ac offsets up to ±0.5 Vdc.

Input Hysteresis: 12 mV RMS @ 1 Hz
Maximum ac Input Voltage: ±20 V
Minimum ac Input Voltage:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sine Wave (mV RMS)</th>
<th>Range (Hz)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>1.0 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>0.5 to 200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>0.5 to 10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5000</td>
<td>0.3 to 20,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARRANTY

3 years against defects in materials and workmanship.

November 10, 2015

Campbell Scientific

© 2004, 2015

Campbell Scientific